

Africa

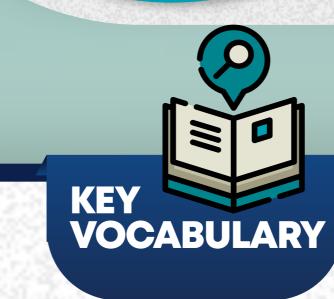




Mansa Munsa

ruler of the Ancient
Kingdom of Mali,
thought to be the
richest man the
world has ever known

food production availability water and soil management Urity transport access affordability food production 00 stability water and soil management clean water for cooking use nutritional value



Homo sapiens

commodity

agriculture

desert

desertification

biodiversity

food insecurity

colonialism

our species of modern human: from the Latin meaning 'wise man', the term was introduced by the scientist Carl Linnaeus

A raw material or product of farming that can be bought and sold, e.g. salt or gold. Commodities are traded around the world.

the practice of farming, both crops and animals

from the Latin word meaning, 'an abandoned place', deserts are regions of land that receive very little precipitation, e.g. rain (it is hard for plants, animals and people to live in desert areas)

a process where **fertile land becomes desert**: this can be as a result of drought, deforestation or over farming (farmers cannot grow crops or graze animals on desert land)

the variety of plants and animals within a habitat

a situation where people within a country, or region, are unable to access, or afford, enough nutritious food

the practice of taking control of another country, then holding political and economic power over that country

desertification:

vegetation is removed or dies

climate factors

soil is left exposed to sun, wind and rain

roots of vegetation

human factors

inappropriate

sun heats the soil; it

dries and cracks

no plants to intercept sun heats the soil; it rain; soil washes away dries and cracks

the soil loses nutrients and structure